

● "*Rhythm Quantitative Indices for Persian Language: a comparative study with English and French*", in: Proceedings of the 7th Iranian Conference on Linguistics, editors: Mohammad DabirMoghaddam, Mostafa Assi, Arsalan Golfam, Yahya Modarresi, pp. 378-403, also presented at the Conference in Allameh Tabatabayi University, Tehran, 2007.

Abstract:

The study of speech rhythm starts with categorizing languages in two (or three) different classes: stress-timed vs. syllable-timed (and mora-timed). Quite recently attempts have been made to find acoustic correlates of these classes. One of them (Grabe & Low, 2002) ends in quantitative indices that can show to which class a language belongs. For Farsi, the same indices are calculated here in comparison to English and French which puts Farsi much closer to syllable-timed languages.